THU 28 APRIL – SUN 1 MAY 2022
HOWARD ASSEMBLY ROOM OPERA NORTH



LEEDS LIEDER FESTIVAL 2022

SONG ILLUMINATED

PROGRAMME: Friday 29 April

Joseph Middleton

Director

Jane Anthony

Founder



Supported using public funding by ARTS COUNCIL ENGLAND

Howard Assembly Room



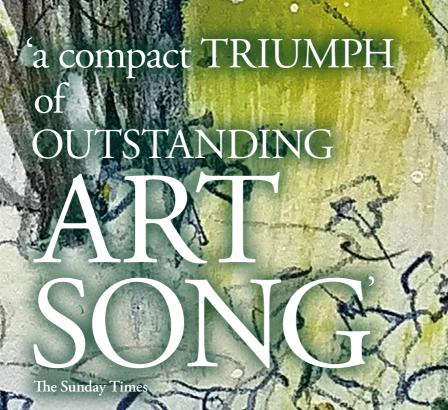
"Samling is unique. There is nothing quite like this in the world!" Sir Thomas Allen

Samling Artist Programme provides outstanding early-career singers and pianists with life-changing opportunities. In residential masterclasses they refine all aspects of their craft under the guidance of internationally renowned singers, conductors, pianists, actors and coaches.

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Discover more about Samling Institute for Young Artists. samling.org.uk







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Welcome to

The Leeds Lieder 2022 Festival

SONG ILLUMINATED

'Song Illuminated': song, the artform we all love, illuminates so much of what we experience in life and through its inexplicable magic also illuminates so much of ourselves, to ourselves. The great poets and composers we celebrate and champion at Leeds Lieder prove themselves over and over to be our wisest companions as they cast light upon much of what it means to be human. Through them, connections between mankind and nature are shown in radiant relief. The environment, nature, rebirth, how song illuminates our lives and the beauty of the earth are themes that run through the 2022 Leeds Lieder Festival and it has been the biggest joy putting this Festival together for you all.

The great German soprano, Dorothea Röschmann, opens the Festival with music she has very much made her own, and it would be difficult to find music more steeped in its poetical landscape than Mahler's Des Knaben Wunderhorn with its panoply of characters and direct, ingenuously folklore-ish nature. Mahler features in the closing recital, given by 'the brightest lyric soprano of the younger generation': Louise Alder. Her typically wide-ranging programme includes delights from Fauré to Rodgers and Hammerstein. Ian Bostridge and Imogen Cooper have taken their place in the pantheon of all-time great recitalists and it is with such pleasure that we welcome Ian back to Leeds Lieder and that we invite Imogen to join us for the first time. Both are master Schubertians and have selected songs that invite audiences' imaginations to take flight and join them journeying outdoors. Schubert's towering late masterpiece Schwanengesang is juxtaposed with songs taking similar themes. Evocations of the sparkling gold of the welcoming sun, breezes playing in a valley, murmuring brooks, a deep blue spring sky, a bountiful season of bud and blossom are all etched in brilliant colour by Schubert. New Music, Young Artists, Emerging Stars all jostle joyously next to one another in our most thoughtfully programmed Festival to date.



With multiple artistic partners and thousands of individuals attending our events every year, Leeds Lieder is a true cultural success story and it's a particular joy to be presenting our first Festival in the glorious Howard Assembly Room. Our exciting Learning and Participation programme which opens up creative music—making to people of all ages, backgrounds and abilities allows many more individuals to take delight in our events. Around 1,000 school children will learn songs through our education programmes this year alone.

Ticket sales and public funding provide around half of Leeds Lieder's income and the remainder comes from the most generous philanthropic support, without which the scope of our programming and artistic vision would be compromised. Our audiences prove to be our greatest supporters and we remain immensely grateful to all our Friends. Every gift, no matter what size, really does make a difference. Visit our supporters page on the website if you'd like more information about how you can help shape culture in Leeds. I hope you like what is on over the next few pages and I look forward to welcoming you to this Festival. I feel confident it will be a very special few days.

With all best wishes,

Joseph Middleton Director





Dear Leeds Lieder Lovers!

At a time in history in which – unexpectedly – brute force is being exercised so near to us, I feel that we must be utterly grateful to know of a haven where we can find Music to comfort us.

My age prevents me from being present at this Leeds Lieder Festival. But in my heart I shall be with you all: the audience, the musicans and also with the students, during these days full of art song recitals and master classes of the highest calibre.

My warm praise goes to our Director Joseph Middleton, a splendid pianist, who again succeeded in programming a series of song recitals in a most delightful combination of styles and artists.

Real Art can only exist where Harmony reigns. I hope you find both of these in abundance during this Festival.

Elly Ameling



The 2022 Festival at a Glance

Thursday 28 April

12 - 12.30pm Pre-concert Talk with composer Jonathan Dove Lunchtime Recital: Samling Institute Showcase 1-2pm3-6pmFestival Masterclass I with Amanda Roocroft* 7 - 7.30 pmPre-concert Talk with Richard Stokes Hon RAM Gala Opening Recital: Dorothea Röschmann and Joseph Middleton 8pm Late Evening Recital: Wallis Giunta, Sean Shibe and Adam Walker 10 - 11pm

Friday 29 April

10am - 12.30pm Festival Masterclass II with Dorothea Röschmann* p. 7 p. 8 1-2pmLunchtime Recital: Jess Dandy and Martin Roscoe p. 20 3 - 4.30 pmYoung Artists Showcase p. 20 7 - 7.30 pmPre-concert Talk with composer Deborah Pritchard p. 21 8pm Evening Recital: Robin Tritschler and Christopher Glynn Late Evening Recital: Ruby Hughes and Joseph Middleton p. 33 10 - 11pm

Saturday 30 April

Festival Masterclass III with Graham Johnson OBE* 10am - 12.30pm Lunchtime Recital: Helen Charlston and Ilan Kurtser 1-2pmBring and Sing! Rehearsal** 2.30pm 5.30pm Bring and Sing! Concert: English Coronation Anthems** 3-4pmLecture-recital with Graham Johnson OBE 7 - 7.30 pmPre-concert Talk with Dr George Kennaway Evening Recital: Ian Bostridge CBE and Dame Imogen Cooper 8pm 10 - 11pmLieder Lounge with Leeds Lieder Young Artists***

Sunday 1 May

Study Event with Dr Katy Hamilton and Leeds Lieder Young Artists* Lunchtime Recital: Ashley Riches and Joseph Middleton Festival Masterclass IV with Joan Rodgers CBE* Pre-concert Talk with Dr Katy Hamilton Closing Gala Recital: Louise Alder and Joseph Middleton

Linacre Studio* Mantle Studio** HAR Atrium***

All other events are in the HAR

Please remember to switch off mobile phones

Click on the page numbers above to move to that event page

10.30am - 12pm

1-2pm

8pm

3 - 5.30 pm

7 - 7.30 pm





FRIDAY 29 APRIL
10AM — 12.30PM
Linacre Studio
Festival Masterclass II
with Dorothea Röschmann

Our Young Artists programme continues to go from strength to strength, with alumni such as Elizabeth Watts and Nicky Spence now featuring on the world's great stages. Duos from around the globe have been selected from highly competitive entry to take part in the Festival as Leeds Lieder Young Artists. The great German soprano Dorothea Röschmann gives the second of four masterclasses in this year's Festival.









FRIDAY 29 APRIL
1 — 2PM
Howard Assembly Room
Lunchtime Recital

Jess Dandy contralto Martin Roscoe piano

Amy Beach (1867–1944)
Three Songs of Robert Browning
The year's at the spring
Ah, Love, but a day!
I send my heart up to thee

Lili Boulanger (1893–1918) Reflets Attente Dans l'immense tristesse Le retour

Manuel de Falla (1876–1946) (From Siete canciones españolas populares) El pano moruño Seguidilla murciana Asturiana Polo Nana Hugo Wolf (1860–1903)

Er ist's
Verborgenheit
Nixe Binsefuss
Der Feuerreiter

Tchaikovsky (1840–1893) It was early in Spring Why? The bride's lament Can it be day?

Texts and Translations

Amy Beach (1867–1944)

Three songs of Robert Browning

The year's at the spring

The year's at the spring. And the day's at the morn; Morning's at seven; The hill–side's dewy pearl'd; The lark's on the wing; The snail's on the thorn; God's in His heav'n – All's right with the world!

Ah Love, but a day

Ah, Love, but a day, And the world has changed! The sun's away, And the bird estranged; The wind has dropped, And the sky's deranged; Summer has stopped.

Look in my eyes! Wilt thou change too? Should I fear surprise? Shall I find aught new In the old and dear, In the good and true, With the changing year?

I send my heart up to thee

I send my heart up to thee, all my heart
In this my singing,
For the stars help me, and the sea, and the sea bears part;
The very night is clinging
Closer to Venice' streets to leave one space
Above me, whence thy face
May light my joyous heart to thee,
to thee its dwelling place.

Robert Browning (1812–1889)



Lili Boulanger (1893–1918)

Reflets

Sous l'eau du songe qui s'élève Mon âme a peur, mon âme a peur. Et la lune luit dans mon cœur Plongé dans les sources du rêve!

Sous l'ennui morne des roseaux. Seul le reflet profond des choses, Des lys, des palmes et des roses Pleurent encore au fond des eaux.

Les fleurs s'effeuillent une à une Sur le reflet du firmament. Pour descendre, éternellement Sous l'eau du songe et dans la lune.

Attente

Mon âme a joint ses mains étranges À l'horizon de mes regards; Exaucez mes rêves épars Entre les lèvres de vos anges!

En attendant sous mes yeux las, Et sa bouche ouverte aux prières Éteintes entre mes paupières Et dont les lys n'éclosent pas ;

Elle apaise au fond de mes songes, Ses seins effeuillés sous mes cils, Et ses yeux clignent aux périls Éveillés au fil des mensonges.

Maurice Maeterlinck (1862-1949)

Reflections

Under the rising water of the dream, My soul is afraid, my soul is afraid. And the moon shines in my heart Plunged into the well–springs of the dream!

Under the mournful boredom of the reeds, Only the profound reflection[s] of things, Of lilies, of palms, and of roses, Still weep at the bottom of the waters.

The flowers drop their petals one by one
On the reflection of the sky
In order to sink eternally
Under the water of the dream and into the moon.

Waiting

My soul has joined her foreign hands At the horizon of my glances; Grant my scattered dreams Between the lips of your angels!

Waiting under my weary eyes, And her mouth open in prayers Extinguished between my eyelids And of which the lilies do not bloom;

She satisfies at the bottom of my dreams, Her breasts denuded under my eyelashes And her eyes gazing half—open at the risks Awakened by the thread of illusions.

Dans l'immense tristesse

Dans l'immense tristesse et dans le lourd silence, Un pas se fait entendre, une forme s'avance, Et vers une humble tombe elle vient se pencher O femme, en ce lieu saint, que viens—tu donc chercher.

Pourquoi viens-tu troubler la paix du cimetière? As-tu donc un trésor caché sous quelque pierre, Ou viens-tu mendier, à l'ombre des tombeaux, Pauvre vivante, aux morts, un peu de leur repos?

Non, rien de tout cela jusqu'ici ne l'amène, (La lune en cet instant éclairait cette scène,) Et ce que cette femme, (hélas! le coeur se fend,) Ce que cette femme vient chercher, c'est un frêle et gracieux enfant,

Qui dort sur cette tombe, et qui, dans sa chimère, Depuis qu'il a vu là disparaître sa mère, Doux être! s'imagine en son naïf espoir Qu'elle n'est que cachée et qu'il va la revoir.

Et l'on dirait, le soir, en vision secrète, Lorsque le blond enfant sent s'alourdir sa tête, Et que sa petite âme est lasse de gémir, Que sa mère revient chanter pour l'endormir.

Berthe Galeron de Calone (1859-1936)

In this immense grief

In the immense sadness and in the heavy silence,
A step makes itself heard, a form advances,
And towards a humble tomb she comes to lean over;
O, woman, in this holy place, what do you come to seek?

Why do you come to disturb the peace of the cemetery? Do you have a treasure hidden under some stone, Or do you come to beg, in the shadow of the tombs, Poor living woman, from the dead, a bit of their rest?

No, none of that brings her here, (The moon at that moment illuminated this scene,) And what this woman, (Alas! The heart breaks,) What this woman comes to seek is a frail and graceful child,

Who sleeps on this grave, and who, in his fallacy, Since it was there that he saw his mother disappear, (Sweet being!) imagines in his naïve hope That she is only hidden and that he will see her again.

And they say that at night in a secret vision, When the blond child feels his head grow heavy, And his little soul is weary of sighing, His mother returns to sing him to sleep.

SONG ILLUMINATED

Le retour

Ulysse part la voile au vent,
Vers Ithaque aux ondes chéries,
Avec des bercements la vague roule et plie.
Au large de son coeur la mer aux vastes eaux
Où son œil suit les blancs oiseaux
Egrène au loin des pierreries.

Ulysse part la voile au vent,
Vers Ithaque aux ondes chéries!
Penché œil grave et coeur battant
Sur le bec d'or de sa galère
Il se rit, quand le flot est noir, de sa colère
Car là-bas son cher fils pieux et fier attend
Après les combats éclatants,
La victoire aux bras de son père.
Il songe, œil grave et cœur battant
Sur le bec d'or de sa galère.

Ulysse part la voile au vent, Vers Ithaque aux ondes chéries.

Georges Delaquys (1880–1970)

Manuel de Falla

(1876–1946)

(From Siete canciones españolas populares)

El paño moruno

Al paño fino, en la tienda, una mancha le cayó; Por menos precio se vende, Porque perdió su valor. ¡Ay!he Moorish cloth

The return

Ulysses leaves with wind in his sails,
Towards the cherished waves of Ithaca,
With rocking motions the billow rolls and folds.
To the offing of his heart the sea of vast waters,
Where his eye follows the white birds,
Drops away in the distance into faraway jewels.

Ulysses leaves with wind in his sails,
Towards the cherished waves of Ithaca!
Leaned over with a solemn eye and beating heart
On the golden bill of his galley
He laughs, when the surging tide is black, at his anger
Because over there his dear son, pious and proud, waits
After the clamoring battles,
For victory at the arm of his father.
He dreams, with a solemn eye and beating heart,
On the golden bill of his galley.

Ulysses leaves with wind in his sails, Towards the cherished waves of Ithaca.

The Moorish cloth

On the fine cloth in the store a stain has fallen; It sells at a lesser price, because it has lost its value. Alas!

Seguidilla murciana

Cualquiera que el tejado Tenga de vidrio, No debe tirar piedras Al del vecino. Arrieros semos; ¡Puede que en el camino Nos encontremos!

Por tu mucha inconstancia Yo te comparo Con peseta que corre De mano en mano; Que al fin se borra, Y creyéndola falsa ¡Nadie la toma!

Asturiana

Por ver si me consolaba, arrimeme a un pino verde, Por verme llorar, lloraba. Y el pino como era verde, por verme llorar, lloraba

Polo

¡Ay!
Guardo una pena en mi pecho
que a nadie se la diré.
¡Malhaya el amor, malhaya
y quien me lo dió a entender!
¡Ay!

Nana

Duérmete, niño, duerme, duerme, mi alma, duérmete, lucerito, de la mañana. Naninta, nana, duérmete, lucerito de la mañana.

Traditional Folksongs

Seguidilla murciana

He who has a Roof of glass should not throw stones to their neighbor's. Let us be muleteers; It could be that on the road we will meet!

For your great inconstancy I compare you to a [coin] that runs from hand to hand; which finally blurs, and, believing it false, no one accepts!

Asturian

To see if it might console me I drew near a green pine.
To see me weep, it wept.
And the pine, since it was green, wept to see me weeping!

Polo

Ay!
I have an ache in my heart
of which I can tell no one.
A curse on love, and a curse
on the one who made me feel it!
Ay!

Nana

Sleep, little one, sleep, sleep, my darling, sleep, my little morning star. Lullay, lullay, sleep, my little morning star.

Hugo Wolf (1860–1903)

Er ist's

Frühling läßt sein blaues Band Wieder flattern durch die Lüfte. Süße, wohlbekannte Düfte Streifen ahnungsvoll das Land. Veilchen träumen schon, Wollen balde kommen. Horch, ein Harfenton! Frühling, ja du bist's! Dich hab ich vernommen.

Verborgenheit

Lass, o Welt, o lass mich sein! Locket nicht mit Liebesgaben, Lasst dies Herz alleine haben Seine Wonne, seine Pein!

Was ich traure, weiss ich nicht, Es ist unbekanntes Wehe; Immerdar durch Tränen sehe Ich der Sonne liebes Licht.

Oft bin ich mir kaum bewusst, Und die helle Freude zücket Durch die Schwere, so mich drücket, Wonniglich in meiner Brust.

Lass, o Welt, o lass mich sein! Locket nicht mit Liebesgaben, Lasst dies Herz alleine haben Seine Wonne, seine Pein!

It's him!

It is Spring! Once again Spring flutters its Blue ribbons through the air.
Sweet, familiar fragrances
Float portentously over the land.
Violets are already dreaming,
Ready to appear soon,
Listen – the sound of a harp,
Spring, yes, it's you!
It's you I heard!

Seclusion

Oh world, let me be! Don't tempt me with gifts of love, Let this heart in solitued have Its bliss, its pain!

I don't know what I mourn, It is an unknown sorrow; But for ever I shall see The beautiful sunlight throuh tears.

Often I am scacely conscious, And bright joy brreaks Through the gloom, and so penetrates Blissfully into my heart.

Oh world, let me be! Don't tempt me with gifts of love, Let this heart in solitued have Its bliss, its pain!



Nixe Binsefuss

Des Wassermanns sein Töchterlein Tanzt auf dem Eis im Vollmondschein, Sie singt und lachet sonder Scheu Wohl an des Fischers Haus vorbei.

'Ich bin die Jungfer Binsefuß, Und meine Fisch wohl hüten muss; Meine Fisch, die sind im Kasten, Sie haben kalte Fasten; Von Böhmerglas mein Kasten ist, Da zähl ich sie zu jeder Frist.

Gelt, Fischermatz? gelt, alter Tropf, Dir will der Winter nicht in Kopf? Komm mir mit deinen Netzen! Die will ich schön zerfetzen! Dein Mägdlein zwar ist fromm und gut, Ihr Schatz ein braves Jägerblut.

Drum häng ich ihr, zum Hochzeitsstrauss, Ein schilfen Kränzlein vor das Haus, Und einen Hecht, von Silber schwer, Er stammt von König Artus her, Ein Zwergen–Goldschmieds–Meisterstück, Wers hat, dem bringt es eitel Glück: Er lässt sich schuppen Jahr für Jahr, Da sinds fünfhundert Gröschlein bar.

Ade, mein Kind! Ade für heut! Der Morgenhahn im Dorfe schreit.'

Nymph Reedfoot

The water spirit's little daughter Dances on the ice in the light of the full moon, She sings and laughs without fear Right past the fisherman's house.

'I am the maiden Reedfoot, And I must look after my fish; My fish are in this casket. Cold and not eating; My casket is made of Bohemian glass, And I count them all the time.

What do you think, fisher fellow, old fool? Can't you grasp it's Winter? Come then with your nets, And I'll tear them to shreds! To be sure your daughter is pious & good, And her sweetheart is a good huntsman.

That's why I'll hang a wedding bouquet, A wreath of rushes outside her house, And a solid silver pike From King Arthur's time. The masterwork of a dwarf goldsmith, Which brings luck to whoever has it; You can descale it every year 500 silver pennies in cash!

Farewell child, farewell for today!
The morning cockerel is crowing in the village.'

Der Feurreiter

Sehet ihr am Fensterlein Dort die rote Mütze wieder?

Nicht geheuer muss es sein,

Denn er geht schon auf und nieder.

Und auf einmal welch Gewühle

Bei der Brücke nach dem Feld!

Horch! das Feuerglöcklein gellt:

Hinterm Berg,

Hinterm Berg

Brennt es in der Mühle!

Schaut! da sprengt er wütend schier Durch das Tor, der Feuerreiter,

Auf dem rippendürren Tier,

Als auf einer Feuerleiter!

Querfeldein, durch Qualm und Schwüle,

Rennt er schon und ist am Ort! Drüben schallt es fort und fort:

Hinterm Berg,

Hinterm Berg

Brennt es in der Mühle!

Der so oft den roten Hahn

Meilenweit von fern gerochen,

Mit des heilgen Kreuzes Span

Freventlich die Glut besprochen –

Weh! dir grinst vom Dachgestühle

Dort der Feind im Höllenschein.

Gnade Gott der Seele dein!

Hinterm Berg, Hinterm Berg

Rast er in der Mühle!

Keine Stunde hielt es an,

Bis die Mühle barst in Trümmer;

Doch den kecken Reitersmann

Sah man von der Stunde nimmer.

Volk und Wagen im Gewühle

Kehren heim von all dem Graus;

Auch das Glöcklein klinget aus:

Hinterm Berg, Hinterm Berg

Brennt's! -

Nach der Zeit ein Müller fand

Ein Gerippe sammt der Mützen

Aufrecht an der Kellerwand

Auf der beinern Mähre sitzen:

Feuerreiter, wie so kühle Reitest du in deinem Grab!

Husch! da fällts in Asche ab.

Ruhe wohl.

Ruhe wohl

Drunten in der Mühle!

Eduard Mörike (1804–1875)

The fire-rider

Do you see at the window

There, his red cap again?

Something must be wrong

For he's pacing up and down.

And suddenly what a crowd

At the bridge heading for the fields!

Listen – the fire bell is ringing:

Beyond the hill,

Beyond the hill,

The mill is on fire!

Look, there he goes galloping furiously

Through the gate, the fire-rider,

On his scrawny horse,

Like a fireman's ladder!

Across the fields trough the smoke and heat

He rides and hs reached his goal!

Over there the bells peal on and on:

Beyond the hill

Beyond the hill

The mill is on fire!

You who have so often smelt a fire

From miles away,

And with a fragment of the True Cross

Maliciously conjoured the blaze –

Look, grinning at you fro the rafters

Is the devil and the flames of hell.

God hae mercy on your soul!

Beyond the hill

Beyond the hill

He is raging in the mill!

Not an hour passed

Before the mill lay in ruins,

But the bold rider

Was never seen again after that hour.

Crowds and carriages

Return home from all the horror;

And the bell stops ringing:

Beyond the hill

Beyond the hill

Something is buring -

Some time later a miller found

A skeleton complete with cap

Upright agains the cellar wall

Sitting on the mare's bones:

Fire-rider, how coolly

You ride in your grave!

Hush! Now it falls to ashes.

Rest in peace,

Rest in peace

Down there in the mill.

Pyotr Ilych Tchaikovsky (1840–1893)

To bilo ranneyu vesnoy

To bilo ranneyu vesnoy, Trava edva vskhodila, Ruchi tekli, ne paril znoy, I zelen roshch skvozila;

Truba pastushya poutru Eshchyo ne pela zvonko, I v zavitkakh eshchyo v boru, Bil paporotnik tonkiy;

To bilo ranneyu vesnoy, V teni beryoz to bilo, Kogda s ulibkoy predo mnoy Ti ochi opustila...

To na lyubov moyu v otvet Ti opustila vezhdi! O zhizn! o les! o solntsa svet! O yunost! o nadezhdi!

I plakal ya pered toboy, Na lik tvoy glyadya milïy; To bïlo ranneyu vesnoy, V teni beryoz to bïlo!

To bïlo v utro nashikh let! O schastye! o slyozï! O les! o zhizn! o solntsa svet! O svezhiy dukh beryozï!

Alexei Tolstoy (1817–1875)

It was in early Spring

It was in early spring, The grass had barely sprouted, Streams were flowing, it was still cool, The groves were newly green.

In the mornings, the clear sound Of shepherds' pipes was still silent, In the pinewoods the slender ferns Were still tightly curled.

It was in early spring, In the shade of the birch trees, When you smiled and lowered Your eyes before me...

It was in reply to my love That you lowered your gaze. O life! O forest! O sunlight! O youth! O hopes!

And I wept before you, Looking into your beloved face. It was in early spring, In the shade of the birch trees.

It was the morning of our life! O happiness! O tears! O forest! O life! O sunlight! O the fresh scent of the birches!

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Otchevo?

Otchevo poblednela vesnoy Pïshnotsvetnaya roza sama? Otchevo pod zelyonoy travoy Golubaya fialka nema?

Otchevo tak pechalno zvuchit Pesnya ptichki, nesyas v nebesa? Otchevo nad lugami visit Pogrebalnim pokrovom rosa?

Otchevo v nebe solntse s utra Kholodno i temno, kak zimoy? Otchevo i zemlya vsya sïra I ugryumey mogilï samoy?

Otchevo ya i sam vse grustney I boleznenney den otodnya? Otchevo, o skazhi mne skorey, Tï, pokinuv, zabïla menya?

Lev Mey (1822-1862)

Ya li v pole da ne travushka bila

Ya li v pole da ne travushka bila, Ya li v pole ne zelyonaya rosla; Vzyali menya, travushku, skosili, Na solnïshke v pole issushili. Okh, ti, gore moyo, goryushko! Znat takaya moya dolyushka!

Ya li v pole ne kalinushka bïla, Ya li v pole da ne krasnaya rosla; Vzyali kalinushku, slomali, Da v zhgutiki menya posvyazali! Okh, tï, gore moyo, goryushko! Znat takaya moya dolyushka!

Ya l u batyushki ne dochenka bïla, U rodimoy ne tsvetochek ya rosla; Nevoley menya, bednuyu, vzyali, S nemilïm, sedïm povenchali! Okh, tï, gore moyo, goryushko! Znat takaya moya dolyushka!

Ivan Surikov (1841-1880)

Why?

Why has the glorious rose Turned so pale in the spring? Why is the blue violet Silent beneath the green grass?

Why does the song of a bird Sound so sad in the sky? Why does the dew hang Over the meadows like a shroud?

Why is the morning sun
So cold and sombre, as if it were winter?
Why is the whole earth so damp
And gloomier than the grave?

Why do I become sadder, More melancholy each day? Why–tell me quickly– Did you go away and forget me?

I was a little blade of grass

I was a little blade of grass in the field, I grew green in the field; But they mowed me, a blade of grass, They laid me out in the field, they dried me, Oh, my sorrow, my terrible sorrow! See what my fate is!

I was a little bush in the field, I grew red in the field; But they uprooted the bush, Tied it into a bundle. Oh, my sorrow, my terrible sorrow! See what my fate is!

I was my father's daughter, I was my parents' little flower; But against my will they took me And married me off to an old man. Oh, my sorrow, my terrible See what my fate is!

Den li tsarit

Den li tsarit, tishina li nochnaya, V snakh li bessvyaznïkh, v zhiteyskoy borbe, Vsyudu so mnoy, moyu zhizn napolnaya, Duma vse ta zhe, odna rokovaya, Vsyo o tebe!

S neyu ne strashen mne prizrak bïlovo, Serdtse vospryanulo snova lyubya... Vera, mechtï, vdokhnovennoye slovo, Vsyo, shto v dushe dorogovo, svyatovo, Vsyo ot tebya!

Budut li dni moi yasnï, unïlï, Skoro li sginu ya, zhizn zagubya! Znayu odno, shto do samoy mogilï Pomïslï, chuvstva, i pesni, i silï, Vsyo dlya tebya!

Alexei Apukhtin (1841–1893)

Can it be day

In the glory of day or the silence of night, In confused dreams or in life's struggles, My life is filled wherever I go By one fateful thought alone: Always of you!

Past shadows no longer frighten me, My heart is again filled with love. Faith, dreams and noble words, All that is good and holy in the heart: All of it comes from you!

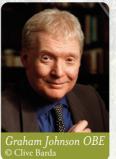
Whether my life proves joyful or sad, Whether my death comes sooner or later, I know that to the very end of my life My thoughts, emotions, songs and Strength are all devoted to you!







Dorothea Röschmann © Harald Hoffmann





FRIDAY 29 APRIL
3 — 4.30PM
Howard Assembly Room
Young Artists Showcase

The finest young duos, coached over the weekend by Amanda Roocroft, Dorothea Röschmann, Graham Johnson OBE and Joan Rodgers CBE, showcase the songs they are exploring during the Festival. This is a wonderful opportunity to enjoy the next generation of Lieder singers and pianists.

For programme details, please see our website leedslieder.org.uk

FRIDAY 29 APRIL 7 — 7.30PM Howard Assembly Room

Pre—concert Talk with composer Deborah Pritchard

Leeds Lieder featured composer Deborah Pritchard joins us to discuss her commissioned cycle The World, and to allow us an insight into her compositional process. Pritchard experiences synaesthesia, specifically perceiving sound as colour, light and darkness. In her own words; 'Ever since I was a small child, I've been aware that some harmonies seemed warm whilst others appeared cold. The relationship between colours and intervals seemed so natural to me that I didn't question it... When I engage with colour, light and darkness in my work, I become aware of a broader emotional content and hope to illuminate some kind of beauty to the listener.' In this discussion, we will learn more about Deborah's music, her visualisations and music maps before Ruby Hughes and Joseph Middleton give the world première of this major new song cycle.





FRIDAY 29 APRIL 8PM Howard Assembly Room Evening Recital

Robin Tritschler tenor Christopher Glynn piano

Illuminated Music

Benjamin Britten (1913–1976) Let the florid music praise (On this island)

Britten Realisations:

William Croft (1678–1827) A Hymn to Divine Musick

Henry Purcell (1659–1695)
If music be the food of love
Music for a while
Turn then thine eyes
Sweeter than roses
I attempt from love's sickness to fly
Mad Bess

Benjamin Britten

Canticle I: My beloved is mine

Interval

Illuminating Songs

Franz Schubert (1797–1828)

Der Winterabend

Claude Debussy (1862–1918)

Recueillement

Gabriel Fauré (1845–1924)

Clair de lune

Reynaldo Hahn (1874–1947)

L'heure exquise

Johannes Brahms (1833–1897)

Sommerabend

Mondenschein

Henry Mancini (1924–1994)

Moon River

Herbert Howells (1892–1983)

Full Moon

Liza Lehmann (1862–1918)

Ah, Moon of my delight

Texts and Translations

Benjamin Britten (1913–1976)

Let the florid Music Praise (From *On this island*)

W. H. Auden (1907-1973)

(Song text not included for copright reasons.)

Britten realisations:

William Croft (1678–1827)

A Hymn to Divine Musick

What art thou? From what causes dost thou spring? Oh! Musick thou Divine misterious thing? Let me, let me but know, and knowing give me Voice to sing?

Art thou the warmth in Spring, that Zephire breathes? Painting the meads, and whistling through the leaves. The happy, happy Season that all grief exiles, When God is Pleas'd and the Creation Smiles? Or art thou Love, that mind to mind imparts, the endless concord of agreeing hearts?

Or art thou Friendship, yet a nobler Flame, that can a dearer way make Souls the same? Or art thou rather which do all transcend, the Centre which at last the Blest ascend, the seat where Hallelujahs never end; Corporeal Eyes won't let us clearly see, but either thou art Heav'n, or Heav'n is thee.

Anon

Henry Purcell (1659–1695)

If music be the food of love

If music be the food of love, Sing on till I am fill'd with joy; For then my list'ning soul you move To pleasures that can never cloy. Your eyes, you mien, your tongue declare That you are music ev'rywhere.

Pleasures invade both eye and ear, So fierce the transports are, they wound, And all my senses feasted are, Tho' yet the treat is only sound, Sure I must perish by your charms, Unless you save me in your arms.

Henry Heveningham (1651–1700)

Music for a while

Music for a while shall all your cares beguile: Wond'ring how your pains were eas'd, And disdaining to be pleased, Till Allecto free the dead from their eternal band,

Till the snakes drop from her head, And the whip from out her hand.

John Dryden (1631-1700)

Turn then thine eyes

Turn then thine eyes upon those glories there, And catching flames will on thy cheek appear.

Elkanah Settle (1648–1724) after Shakespeare

Sweeter than roses

Sweeter than roses, or cool evening breeze
On a warm flowery shore, was the dear kiss,
First trembling made me freeze,
Then shot like fire all o'er.
What magic has victorious love!
For all I touch or see since that dear kiss,
I hourly prove, all is love to me.

Richard Norton (1666-1732)

I attempt from love's sickness to fly

I attempt from love's sickness to fly in vain, Since I am myself my own fever and pain.

No more now, fond heart, with pride no more swell, Thou can'st not raise forces enough to rebel.

For love has more pow'r, and less mercy than fate, To make us seek ruin, and love those that hate.

John Dryden (1631-1700)

Mad Bess

From silent shades and the Elysian groves Where sad departed spirits mourn their loves, From crystal streams and from that country where Jove crowns the fields with flowers all the year, Poor senseless Bess, clothed in her rags and folly, Is come to cure her lovesick melancholy.

'Bright Cynthia kept her revels late While Mab, the Fairy Queen did dance, And Oberon did sit in state When Mars at Venus ran his lance.

'In yonder cowslip lies my dear, Entomb'd in liquid gems of dew; Each day I'll water it with a tear, Its fading blossom to renew.

'For since my love is dead and all my joys are gone, Poor Bess for his sake A garland will make, My music shall be a groan.

'Cold and hungry am I grown. Ambrosia will I feed upon, Drink Nectar still and sing.'

Does all sorrow prevent?
And Bess in her straw,
Whilst free from the law,
In her thoughts is as great as a king.

'I'll lay me down and die within some hollow tree, The rav'n and cat,

The owl and bat

Who is content.

Shall warble forth my elegy.

'Did you not see my love as he past by you? His two flaming eyes, if he comes nigh you, They will scorch up your hearts: 'Ladies, beware ye, Lest he should dart a glance that may ensnare ye!

'Hark! Hark!
I hear old Charon bawl,
His boat he will not longer stay,
And furies lash their whips and call:
Come, come away.

'Poor Bess will return to the place whence she came, Since the world is so mad she can hope for no cure. For love's grown a bubble, a shadow, a name, Which fools do admire and wise men endure.

Benjamin Britten

My beloved is mine

Ev'n like two little bank-dividing brooks, That wash the pebbles with their wanton streams, And having rang'd and search'd a thousand nooks, Meet both at length in silver-breasted Thames, Where in a greater current they conjoin: So I my best-beloved's am; so he is mine.

Ev'n so we met; and after long pursuit, Ev'n so we joyn'd; we both became entire; No need for either to renew a suit, For I was flax and he was flames of fire: Our firm—united souls did more than twine; So I my best–beloved's am; so he is mine.

If all those glitt'ring Monarchs that command The servile quarters of this earthly ball, Should tender, in exchange, their shares of land, I would not change my fortunes for them all: Their wealth is but a counter to my coin: The world's but theirs; but my beloved's mine.

Nay, more; If the fair Thespian Ladies all Should heap together their diviner treasure: That treasure should be deem'd a price too small To buy a minute's lease of half my pleasure; 'Tis not the sacred wealth of all the nine Can buy my heart from him, or his, from being mine.

Nor Time, nor Place, nor Chance, nor Death can bow My least desires unto the least remove; He's firmly mine by oath; I his by vow; He's mine by faith; and I am his by love; He's mine by water; I am his by wine, Thus I my best–beloved's am; thus he is mine.

He is my Altar; I, his Holy Place; I am his guest; and he, my living food; I'm his by penitence; he mine by grace; I'm his by purchase; he is mine, by blood; He's my supporting elm; and I his vine; Thus I my best beloved's am; thus he is mine.

He gives me wealth; I give him all my vows: I give him songs; he gives me length of dayes; With wreaths of grace he crowns my conqu'ring brows, And I his temples with a crown of Praise, Which he accepts as an everlasting signe, That I my best–beloved's am; that he is mine.



Franz Schubert (1797–1828)

Der Winterabend

Es ist so still, so heimlich um mich, Die Sonne ist untern, der Tag entwich. Wie schnell nun heran der Abend graut! Mir ist es recht, sonst ist mir's zu laut.

Jetzt aber ist's ruhig, es hämmert kein Schmied, Kein Klempner, das Volk verlief und ist müd. Und selbst, daß nicht rass'le der Wagen Lauf, Zog Decken der Schnee durch die Gassen auf.

Wie tut mir so wohl der selige Frieden! Da sitz ich im Dunkeln, ganz abgeschieden, So ganz für mich; nur der Mondenschein Kommt leise zu mir ins Gemach.

Er kennt mich schon und lässt mich schweigen, Nimmt nur seine Arbeit, die Spindel, das Gold, Und spinnet stille, webt und lächelt hold, Und hängt dann sein schimmerndes Schleiertuch

Ringsum an Gerät und Wänden aus. Ist gar ein stiller, ein lieber Besuch, Macht mir gar keine Unruh' im Haus. Will er bleiben, so hat er Ort, Freut's ihn nimmer, so geht er fort.

Ich sitze dann stumm im Fenster gern Und schaue hinauf in Gewölk und Stern. Denke zurück, ach weit, gar weit In eine schöne verschwundne Zeit. Denk an sie, an das Glück der Minne, Seufze still und sinne und sinne.

Karl Gottfried von Leitner (1800-1890)

The Winter Evening

It is so still and secret all around me, The sun has set, the day is over, How swiftly the darkness falls! That suits me well, otherwise it's too loud.

Now it is peaceful, no blacksmith hammering, And no plumber; people have gone home weary. And lest the carts rattle as they pass The snow has laid blankets through the streets.

How welcome is this blissful peace! I can sit in the dark, completely secluded, Quite self-contained; only the moonlight Slips quietly into my room.

It knows me, and lets me be silent, Just takes up its work, the spindle, the gold And spins quietly, weaves and smiles sweetly, And then hangs out its shimmering veil

All around on furniture and walls. It is a very quiet and beloved visitor, Doesn't cause any disturbance in the house, If it wants to stay, it is welcome, If it's not happy, it leaves.

Then I like to sit quietly in the window And gaze up to watch the clouds and the stars. I think back, to long, long ago, To a beautiful, vanished time. I think of her, and the joy of love, I sigh softly and remember and remember.



Claude Debussy (1862–1918)

Recueillement

Sois sage, ô ma Douleur, et tiens-toi plus tranquille. Tu réclamais le Soir: il descend; le voici: Une atmosphère obscure enveloppe la ville, Aux uns portant la paix, aux autres le souci.

Pendant que des mortels la multitude vile, Sous le fouet du Plaisir, ce bourreau sans merci, Va cueillir des remords dans la fête servile, Ma Douleur, donne-moi la main; viens par ici,

Loin d'eux. Vois se pencher les défuntes Années, Sur les balcons du ciel, en robes surannées; Surgir du fonds des eaux le Regret souriant; Le Soleil moribond s'endormir sous une arche, Et, comme un long linceul traînant à l'Orient, Entends, ma chère, entends la douce Nuit qui marche.

Charles Baudelaire (1821–1867)

Gabriel Fauré (1845–1924)

Clair de lune

Votre âme est un paysage choisi Que vont charmant masques et bergamasques Jouant du luth et dansant et quasi Tristes sous leurs déguisements fantasques.

Tout en chantant sur le mode mineur L'amour vainqueur et la vie opportune, Ils n'ont pas l'air de croire à leur bonheur Et leur chanson se mêle au clair de lune,

Au calme clair de lune triste et beau, Qui fait rêver les oiseaux dans les arbres Et sangloter d'extase les jets d'eau, Les grands jets d'eau sveltes parmi les marbres.

Paul Verlaine (1844-1896)

Contemplation

By good, oh my sorrow, keep more calm, You longed for the evening, it is falling, look; A murky atmosphere envelops the town, Bringing peace to some, trouble to others.

While the vile multitude of mortals, Commanded by pleasure, the merciless tormentor, Goes gathering remorse in the service of useless revels. My grief, give my your hand, come here.

Far from them. Look at the departed years leaning On the balconies of the heavens in old fashioned clothes, See how from the water's depths regret rises smiling; And the dying sun falling asleep beneath an arch. And like a long shroud trailing in the East, Listen, my dear, to the tread of gentle night.

Moonlight

Your soul is a chosen landscape Bewitched by masquers and bergamaskers, Playing the lute and dancing and almost Sad beneath their fanciful disguises.

Singing as they go in a minor key
Of conquering love and life's opportunities,
They do not seem to believe in their fortune
And their song mingles with the light of the moon,

The calm light of the moon, sad and fair, That sets the birds dreaming in the trees And the fountains sobbing in their rapture, Tall and svelte amid marble statues.

Reynaldo Hahn (1874–1947)

L'heure exquise

La lune blanche Luit dans les bois; De chaque branche Part une voix Sous la ramée... Ô bien aimée.

L'étang reflète, Profond miroir, La silhouette Du saule noir Où le vent pleure... Rêvons, c'est l'heure.

Un vaste et tendre Apaisement Semble descendre Du firmament Que l'astre irise... C'est l'heure exquise.

Paul Verlaine (1844-1896)

The exquisite hour

The pale moon Sheds her light in the woods; From every branch A voice whispers Beneath the leaves... Oh my beloved.

The pool reflects,
Like a deep mirror,
The silhouette
Of the black willow
Where the wind weeps...
Let us dream – it is the hour.

A boundless and tender Calm Seems to descend From the heavens Iridescent with stars... It is the exquisite hour.

SONG ILLUMINATED

Johannes Brahms (1833–1897)

Sommerabend

Dämmernd liegt der Sommerabend Über Wald und grünen Wiesen; Goldner Mond im blauen Himmel Strahlt herunter, duftig labend.

An dem Bache zirpt die Grille, Und es regt sich in dem Wasser, Und der Wandrer hört ein Plätschern Und ein Atmen in der Stille.

Dorten, an dem Bach alleine, Badet sich die schöne Elfe; Arm und Nacken, weiß und lieblich, Schimmern in dem Mondenscheine.

Heinrich Heine (1797-1856)

Mondenschein

Nacht liegt auf den fremden Wegen, Krankes Herz und müde Glieder, – Ach, da fließt, wie stiller Segen, Süßer Mond, dein Licht hernieder;

Süßer Mond, mit deinen Strahlen Scheuchest du das nächtge Grauen; Es zerrinnen meine Qualen Und die Augen übertauen.

Heinrich Heine (1797-1856)

A Summer Evening

The twilight of a Summer evening Lies over the woods and green meadows, The golden moon in the blue heavens Shines down, in a soothing haze..

A cricket chirps by the stream, And something stirs in the water, And the traveller hears splashing And breathing in the silence.

There, alone by the river And lovely water–nymph is bathing, Her arm and neck, white and soft, Shimmer in the moonlight.

Moonshine

Night lays over the strange paths, Sick at heart, and wery limbed, Oh, like a silent blessing, sweet moon, Your light streams down.

Sweet moon, with your rays You chase away night's horrors; My fears dissolve, And my eyes fill with tears.



Henry Mancini (1924–1994)

Moon River

Johnny Mercer (1909–1976)

(Song text not included for copyright reasons.)

Herbert Howells (1892–1983)

Full Moon

One night as Dick lay half asleep, Into his drowsy eyes A great still light begins to creep From out the silent skies. It was lovely moon's, for when He raised his dreamy head, Her surge of silver filled the pane And streamed across his bed.

So, for a while, each gazed at each – Dick and the solemn moon – Till, climbing slowly on her way, She vanished, and was gone.

Walter De la Mare (1873–1956)

Liza Lehmann (1862–1918)

Ah, Moon of my delight

Ah, moon of my delight, that knows no wane, The moon of Heav'n is rising once again: How oft hereafter rising shall she look Through this same garden after me – in vain!

Edward Fitzgerald (1809-1883)

Programme Notes

However difficult and disparate the five Auden poems of On this Island might at first appear, they are all (apart from 'Seascape') linked by a common theme: relationships - and the whole work is dedicated, significantly, to Christopher Isherwood, Auden's lover over a period of years. The first verse of Let the florid music praise celebrates the beauty of a young man, but the vacuity of the music – particularly the arpeggios and melismas - suggests that physical beauty alone will not be enough to sustain the relationship. Verse two confirms this ('O but the unloved have had power'): the poet sees himself as the physically unattractive artist who, like Aschenbach in Death in Venice, has been enthralled by beauty. When confronted by his lover's sexual allure, the poet's resolve to end the relationship founders ('And my vows break/Before his look.') The music of this second stanza switches to the minor. and the coda, though retaining the brilliance of the opening, is now tinged with sadness.

The first of the seven Benjamin Britten realisations we hear this evening is William Croft's A Hymn on Divine Musick. When John Blow died in 1708, Croft succeeded him not only as the organist of Westminster Abbey, but as Master of the Children of the Chapel Royal and Composer to the Chapel Royal. 'A Hymn on Divine Musick' first appeared in print in 1700, together with a song by Jeremiah Clarke under the title Two Divine Hymns/being a/Suppliment/To the Second Book of Harmonia Sacra. Both were then incorporated into the second book of Henry Playford's Harmonia Sacra in its subsequent reprints.

'Music for a while', 'If music be the food of love' and 'Sweeter than roses' are among the earliest of Britten's arrangements of Purcell songs, seven of which were published in 1947. Purcell merely provided the vocal part and a bass line that was figured to indicate the harmony - Britten, the continuo-player, 'realized' the rest of the accompaniment with astonishing imagination. Music for a while dates from 1692 and comes from a play, Oedipus, by Dryden and Lee, where it is sung as part of a supernatural ritual to raise the ghost of Laius, the father of Oedipus, so that it might be discovered why a terrible curse hangs over the city of Thebes. The 'Alecto' of the final verse was one of the Furies, whose head was covered with serpents, and who with her whip chastized men for their misdeeds, breathing vengeance, war and pestilence. It is an aria of astonishing power, and should be sung with the sort of rapt intensity that suits the text; built on a ground bass, with the opening repeated at the close, it anticipates the da capo aria of Handelian opera. If music be the food of love was first published in 1692 in Pierre Antoine Motteux's The Gentleman's Journal. The opening line from Twelfth Night is Shakespeare's sole contribution to this wonderful song, the rest of whose text is the work of Colonel Heveningham, a Suffolk gentleman colonel. Sweeter than roses is an aria sung by Pandora in Richard Norton's tragedy Pausanias (1695). It begins, like several Purcell songs, on a sustained note which then develops into a drooping phrase; the whole piece, with its strangely accentuated melodic contours, is described by Ian Spink in his book English Song -Dowland to Purcell as 'unmistakably erotic and as highly charged as anything in Wagner or Strauss'. Britten's word-painting in his realization of the song concentrates on words like 'freeze' (jagged sforzando chords) and 'shot' (swift staccato chords), while the martial piano ritornello depicts the 'victorious love' of the final section. Turn then thine eyes was adapted from a duet from The Fairy Queen, based on Shakespeare's A Midsummer Night's Dream - the texts to both these songs are anonymous. Purcell's 'Bess of Bedlam (1682), which Britten realised as Mad Bess, is one of many songs to depict insanity - a genre that still attracts composers, viz Peter Maxwell Davies's *Eight Songs for a Mad King.* In the seventeenth century London's Bethlehem Hospital, which became known as Bedlam, opened its doors to a voyeuristic public who, on payment of a penny, could witness the antics of the asylum's inmates.

The text of Britten's **Canticle I** is by Francis Quarles (1592–1644), a devout Anglican who wrote little else but religious texts. 'My beloved is mine and I am his' paraphrases a line from *The Song of Solomon*, and the poet follows the medieval tradition of addressing Christ as a lover; the possible homo–erotic dimensions of the poem will not be lost on the modern reader, however, and Britten's interest in the poem clearly reflects his own relationship to Peter Pears.

Der Winterabend dates from Schubert's final year. 'Winterabend' (the poem's original title) describes the gentle approach of death: night has fallen, the man is old and the moon has draped a shimmering veil of gold over the walls of his house – a symbolical funeral pall. The syphilitic Schubert, who must have had premonitions of his own death, clearly understood the symbolic import of Leitner's poem and lavished on it all his art. The relentless semiquavers look like night on the page and tick away like a clock, as time runs out for the old man who, at least in Schubert's setting, seems aware of his impending fate. How else can one explain the composer's use of two chilling diminished sevenths, the first on 'stille' at 'Und spinnet stille', as the poet describes the moonlight weaving a pall over the furniture and walls of the house, and then at the end of the song, as the old man looks back to a 'schöne, verschwund'ne (vanished) time?'

Recueillement, written by Baudelaire after his break with Jeanne Duval, was published in the *Nouvelles Fleurs du Mal* in 1861. Their relationship had lasted twenty years, and the parting was bitter. The poem expresses Baudelaire's intense sorrow but also, in almost allegorical form (notice the capitalized nouns such as Plaisir, Douleur, Regret), the conflict between good and evil, wonderfully managed by placing 'Loin d'eux' (far from them) at the start of stanza three, thus separating it from the multitude's servile addiction to Pleasure described in verse two. Debussy's setting begins with *Tristan*—like horns; the melody begins slowly but quickens at the mention of 'lashed by Pleasure', then quietens to welcome the arrival of night.

Clair de lune, Fauré's first Verlaine setting, dates from 1887, five years after Debussy's version of the same poem. It is one of his finest compositions, a piano piece with vocal obbligato of breathtaking beauty that evokes the masked figures of the *commedia dell' arte* in an eighteenth century landscape, familiar to us from the paintings of Antoine Watteau.

Paul Verlaine was also one of Reynaldo Hahn's favourite poets, and on a famous occasion, at the house of Alphonse Daudet in 1893, Sybil Sanderson (the dedicatee of Hahn's 'L'énamourée') performed Hahn's Verlaine cycle, *Chansons grises*, in front of the poet. Verlaine, who did not care for Fauré's settings of his poems, was greatly moved by Hahn's songs, and wept as he listened. **L'heure exquise** is the fifth song of the set, and should be heard in a remarkable performance recorded in 1929 by Ninon Vallin with Hahn himself at the piano (EMI, Références).

Sommerabend and Mondenschein are the opening two songs of Brahms's Op. 85. The poems appear together in Heine's *Heimkehr* as numbers 85 and 86 ('Der Tod, das ist die kühle Nacht' follows as no. 87), and though one poem describes an idyllic moonscape and the other an anguished heart, Brahms ingeniously uses substantially the same musical material for both songs. When asked by Otto Dessoff to explain his treatment of the verse, Brahms replied that both poems came together in Heine's volume, that the moon was a central figure in both, and that it was very annoying for a musician to have to use four pretty lines only once, when he might repeat them with suitable and pleasing variations!

Moon River was made famous by Audrey Hepburn in the 1961 movie Breakfast at Tiffany's, in which she played the part of New York socialite Holly Golightly. Hepburn was not a trained singer and initially Paramount film-makers thought they would need to dub a professional singer's voice, but the composer Henry Mancini was determined to write music that she could manage. Mancini's widow Ginny recalls: 'Henry was at home one night and we were watching Funny Face in which Audrey Hepburn sings 'How Long Has This Been Going On'. He went to the piano and started playing it, and knew she could sing something in that range. It took him about a month and a half before he put down the first three notes. It sounded promising and in half an hour he had written the melody of Moon River.' Mancini asked Johnny Mercer to write the lyrics but much of the film's musical score, including 'Moon River', was never written down during the editing process.

Herbert Howells's favourite poet was Walter de la Mare who was also his lifelong friend. Of his 80 or so songs, 25 are settings of de la Mare, and although the most celebrated is 'King David' (Howells said: 'I'm prouder to have written 'King David' than almost anything else of mine.'), there are other de la Mare settings that run it close. Peacock Pie: A Book of Rhymes was published by de la Mare in 1913, and it was immediately praised for its wit and lack of sentimentality. Many English composers were drawn to these charming poems, and Howells himself wrote two sets of Peacock Pie songs: the five songs of Set I and the fourteen songs (some are sketches) of Set II were all written in 1919. Full moon, from the first set, is a lovely nocturne, and as Dick watches the moon, he is accompanied by an ostinato of bare fifths in 5/4 time.

Liza Lehmann, the daughter of Rudolph Lehmann, the German painter, and Amelia Chambers, daughter of the Edinburgh publisher and writer Robert Chambers, studied singing with Jenny Lind in London where, at a concert in 1888, she was accompanied in two songs by Clara Schumann. Despite success as a recitalist, she turned to composition, and studied with Hamish MacCunn. We hear tonight **Ah, moon of my delight**, perhaps the most popular song of her first great success, In a Persian Garden (1896), a cycle of selected quatrains from FitzGerald's translation of the *Rubayyāt of Omar Khayyām*, which had caused a literary sensation when it first appeared in 1859.

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FRIDAY 29 APRIL 10 — 11PM Howard Assembly Room

Late Evening Recital The Dawn of Time

Ruby Hughes soprano Joseph Middleton piano

Deborah Pritchard (b. 1977)

The World

(Leeds Lieder co-commission, generously supported by Peter Hirschmann, Martin Staniforth and the RVW Trust)

The Morning-Watch

The World (extract)

Midnight (extract)

Peace

Errollyn Wallen (b. 1958)

About here

Peace on earth

North Rain

Rückert-Lieder

Liebst du um Schönheit

Blicke mir nicht in die Lieder!

Ich atmet' einen linden Duft

Um Mitternacht

Ich bin der Welt abhanden gekommen



Texts and Translations

Deborah Pritchard

(b. 1977)

The Dawn of Time

The Morning-Watch

O joys! infinite sweetness! with what flow'rs
And shoots of glory my soul breaks and buds!
All the long hours
Of night, and rest,
Through the still shrouds
Of sleep, and clouds,
This dew fell on my breast;
Oh, how it bloods
And spirits all my earth! Hark! In what rings
And hymning circulations the quick world
Awakes and sings;
The rising winds
And falling springs,

Birds, beasts, all things Adore him in their kinds. Thus all is hurl'd In sacred hymns and order, the great chime And symphony of parties. Prayer is

And symphony of nature. Prayer is
The world in tune,

A spirit voice,

And vocal joys
Whose echo is heav'n's bliss.
O let me climb
When I lie down! The pious soul by night
Is like a clouded star whose beams, though said
To shed their light
Under some cloud,
Yet are above,

Yet are above,
And shine and move
Beyond that misty shroud.
So in my bed,
That curtain'd grave, thous

That curtain'd grave, though sleep, like ashes, hide My lamp and life, both shall in thee abide.

The World (extract)

I saw Eternity the other night,
Like a great ring of pure and endless light,
All calm, as it was bright;
And round beneath it, Time in hours, days, years,
Driv'n by the spheres
Like a vast shadow mov'd; in which the world
And all her train were hurl'd.

Midnight (extract)

Thy heav'ns, some say,
Are a fiery—liquid light,
Which mingling aye
Streams, and flames thus to the sight.
Come then, my God!
Shine on this blood
And water, in one beam;

And water, in one beam; And Thou shalt see Kindled by Thee Both liquors burn, and stream.

O what bright quickness, Active brightness, And celestial flows, Will follow after On that water, Which Thy Spirit blows!

Peace

My Soul, there is a country
Afar beyond the stars,
Where stands a winged sentry
All skillful in the wars;
There, above noise and danger
Sweet Peace sits, crown'd with smiles,
And One born in a manger
Commands the beauteous files.
He is thy gracious friend
And (O my Soul awake!)
Did in pure love descend,

To die here for thy sake.
If thou canst get but thither,
There grows the flow'r of peace,
The rose that cannot wither,
Thy fortress, and thy ease.
Leave then thy foolish ranges,
For none can thee secure,
But One, who never changes,
Thy God, thy life, thy cure.

Henry Vaughan (1621–1695)

Gustav Mahler (1860–1911)

Friedrich Rückert (1788–1866)

Liebst du um Schönheit

Liebst du um Schönheit, O nicht mich liebe! Liebe die Sonne, Sie trägt ein gold'nes Haar!

Liebst du um Jugend, O nicht mich liebe! Liebe der Frühling, Der jung ist jedes Jahr!

Liebst du um Schätze, O nicht mich liebe. Liebe die Meerfrau, Sie hat viel Perlen klar.

Liebst du um Liebe, O ja, mich liebe! Liebe mich immer, Dich lieb' ich immerdar.

Blicke mir nicht in die Lieder

Blicke mir nicht in die Lieder! Meine Augen schlag' ich nieder, Wie ertappt auf böser Tat. Selber darf ich nicht getrauen, Ihrem Wachsen zuzuschauen. Deine Neugier ist Verrat!

Bienen, wenn sie Zellen bauen, Lassen auch nicht zu sich schauen, Schauen selber auch nicht zu. Wenn die reichen Honigwaben Sie zu Tag gefördert haben, Dann vor allen nasche du!

If you love for beauty

If you love for beauty, Oh, do not love me! Love the sun, She has golden hair!

If you love for youth, Oh, do not love me! Love the Spring; Which is young every year!

If you love for treasure, Oh, do not love me! Love the mermaid; She has many beautiful pearls!

If you love for love, Then yes, do love me! Love me always, I will love you for ever!

Don't look at my songs!

Don't look at my songs!
I lower my eyes,
As if caught doing something wrong.
I can't even trust myself
To watch them grow.
Your curiosity is betrayal!

Bees building their cells,
Don't let anyone watch them either,
Don't even watch themselves.
When the rich honeycombs
Have been brought out to the light of day,
Then you can have the first taste!

Ich atmet' einen linden Duft!

Ich atmet' einen linden Duft!

Im Zimmer stand

Ein Zweig der Linde,

Ein Angebinde

Von lieber Hand.

Wie lieblich war der Lindenduft!

Wie lieblich ist der Lindenduft!

Das Lindenreis

Brachst du gelinde!

Ich atme leis

Im Duft der Linde

Der Liebe linden Duft.

Um Mitternacht

Um Mitternacht

Hab' ich gewacht

Und aufgeblickt zum Himmel;

Kein Stern vom Sterngewimmel

Hat mir gelacht

Um Mitternacht.

Um Mitternacht

Hab' ich gedacht

Hinaus in dunkle Schranken.

Es hat kein Lichtgedanken

Mir Trost gebracht Um Mitternacht.

Um Mitternacht

Nahm ich in acht

Die Schläge meines Herzens;

Ein einz'ger Puls des Schmerzes

War angefacht

Um Mitternacht.

Um Mitternacht

Kämpft' ich die Schlacht,

O Menschheit, deiner Leiden;

Nicht konnt' ich sie entscheiden

Mit meiner Macht

Um Mitternacht.

Um Mitternacht

Hab' ich die Macht

In deine Hand gegeben!

Herr! über Tod und Leben

Du hältst die Wacht

Um Mitternacht!

I breathed a gentle fragrance!

I breathed a gentle fragrance!

In the room was

A sprig of lime,

A gift

From a beloved hand.

How lovely was the scent of the lime blossom!

How lovely is the scent of the lime blossom!!

That sprig of lime

That you broke off so gently!

Softly I breathe in

The fragrance of the lime blossom,

The gentle fragrance of love.

At midnight

At midnight

I was keeping watch

And gazed up to heaven;

No star from the throng of stars

Smiled down on me

At midnight.

At midnight

I sent my thoughts

Out through the barriers of the dark.

No thought of light

Brought me comfort

At midnight.

At midnight I became aware

Of the beating of my heart;

One single pulse of agony

Was kindled

At midnight.

.

At midnight

I fought the battle,

O Mankind, of your suffering;

I could not gain victory

By my own strength

At midnight.

At midnight

I surrendered my strength

Into your hands!

Lord! over death and life

You keep watch

At midnight!

Ich bin der Welt abhanden gekommen

Ich bin der Welt abhanden gekommen, Mit der ich sonst viele Zeit verdorben, Sie hat so lange nichts von mir vernommen, Sie mag wohl glauben, ich sei gestorben!

Es ist mir auch gar nichts daran gelegen, Ob sie mich für gestorben hält, Ich kann auch gar nichts sagen dagegen, Denn wirklich bin ich gestorben der Welt.

Ich bin gestorben dem Weltgetümmel, Und ruh' in einem stillen Gebiet! Ich leb' allein in meinem Himmel, In meinem Lieben, in meinem Lied!

I am lost to the world

I am lost to the world, Where I wasted so much time, It has heard nothing from me for so long That it probably thinks I am dead!

It doesn't really matter to me at all, If it thinks me dead; Anyway I can't really deny it, For I really am dead to the world.

I am dead to the world's tumult, And I rest in a quiet place! I live alone in my heaven, In my love and in my song!





Programme Notes

The World is a cycle of four Henry Vaughan poems.

The Morning–Watch evokes a burgeoning soul that attunes to heaven through ascending piano and bright vocal lines whilst The World is a song of space and resonance, as a dream–like eternity is illuminated in the darkness. Midnight transforms the narrative into vibrant streams of fire which resolves into Peace: a song of stillness, light and a prayer for the world.

Deborah Pritchard © 2022

Mahler's Fünf Lieder nach Rückert were written in the first two years of the twentieth century and later published with 'Revelge' and 'Der Tamboursg'sell' as Sieben Lieder aus letzter Zeit. The songs, which do not form a cycle, are a far cry from the desperate soulsearching of his contemporary symphonies, and are also uninfluenced by folksong which had dominated his earlier Lieder. Liebst du um Schönheit, which scarcely rises above piano, is Mahler's most personal love song, written for his wife Alma. 'You must love me neither for my beauty, my youth, my fortune, but because I love you.' It's almost as if Rückert's poem had been written expressly for Mahler who, at the age of 42, married Alma Schindler, half his age. During their first holiday together, Mahler, wishing to surprise his wife, hid the song in her score of Siegfried which she used to study daily. It is no coincidence that the chromatic C major tune echoes the love theme from Tristan und Isolde. Describing the song in her autobiography Mein Leben, Alma wrote:

(...) das Lied ist so rührend, daß ich... fast geweint habe. Die Innigkeit eines solchen Menschen! Und meine Seelenlosigkeit! Oft fühle ich, wie wenig ich bin und habe – im Vergleich zu seinem unermäßlichen Reichtum!

(...) the song is so moving that I... almost cried. The fervour of the man! And my own lack of soul! I often feel how little I am and have – compared with his immeasurable richness!

Blicke mir nicht in die Lieder has a moto perpetuo accompaniment depicting the buzzing of bees who, the poems tells us, will not be watched when they build their cells. So it should be with the composition of songs: do not look into them, as I write, for when they are finally completed, you shall be the first to hear them. Mahler, by the way, could not bear people eavesdropping when he was composing. Natalie Bauer–Lechner in her memoirs recalls Mahler saying: "To me it is as if a mother would undress herself and expose to the world the child in the womb before it is born."

Ich atmet' einen linden Duft is a love song that describes the poet's happiness at receiving a spray of lime from his beloved (the point of the poem is the untranslatable play on the words 'lind', which means 'delicate', and 'Linde', meaning 'lime-tree'). Delicacy describes exactly the mood of this Stimmungslied, whose vocal line floats over a shimmering accompaniment, marked con molta tenerezza e fervore, and seems redolent of hot summer days, heavy with the scent of lime-flowers. Mahler described the song to Natalie Bauer-Lechner as 'filled with the kind of quiet happiness you feel in the presence of someone dear, in whom you have utter trust' (Natalie Bauer-Lechner: Erinnerungen), a feeling that Rückert partly conveys by his use of the liquescent 'l' that suffuses the poem intensified by Mahler's restructuring of the final lines. Rückert's original had ended: 'Ich atme leis/Im Duft der Linde/Der Herzensfreundschaft linden Duft'. Mahler, by replacing the inelegant 'Herzensfreundschaft' with 'Liebe', changes not only the sound but also the meaning of the final lines: the poem, originally an expression of friendship, becomes an avowal of love.

Um Mitternacht invites comparison with the song in the fourth movement of the Third Symphony which sets a poem by Nietzsche with the same title. Rückert's poem opens with the bleak thoughts of a lonely man at midnight and closes in triumph, as the poet commends his soul to God. It was in February 1901, shortly before he started work on the Rückert-Lieder, that Mahler suffered the haemorrhage which nearly killed him, and there is something indisputably autobiographical about his choice of Rückert's poem. The first four stanzas of Mahler's music are characterized by repetitions of two striking motifs: one resembles the ticking of a clock, one aching with anguish as it descends the scale; and although keys change, the basic mood is bleak A minor – until the final stanza when, in the orchestral version, trumpets, trombones, tuba and timpani blaze out in the major, as an expression of the poet's faith.

Ich bin der Welt abhanden gekommen deals with the artist's loneliness: the poet pleads for a cessation of human anguish and withdrawal from the world, and Mahler rises to the occasion with one of his most yearning melodies which breathes the same atmosphere as the Adagietto of the Fifth Symphony. Willem Mengelberg, a close friend of both Mahler and Alma, wrote in his score of the Adagietto that the music was a declaration of Mahler's love for Alma - a statement which throws interesting light on Rückert's final two lines: 'I live alone in my heaven,/In my loving, in my song'. Rückert's penultimate line, however, is not entirely apt. Mahler was no longer alone but in love with the radiant 23 year-old to whom he wrote on 11 December 1901: 'If notes, if sounds were as strong as my longing for you, you would hear them ringing throughout this morning. Everything that lives in me shall be for you and addressed to you! My beloved Alma!'

SONG ILLUMINATED





Dorothea Röschmann soþrano

Born in Flensburg, Germany, Dorothea Röschmann was a member of the Ensemble at the Deutsche Staatsoper Berlin where in 2017, having sung over twenty roles there, she was awarded the title of Kammersängerin. She has been a frequent guest at the Salzburg Festival since her début in 1995 singing Susanna with Nikolaus Harnoncourt. She returned to the Salzburg Easter Festival in 2016 for Desdemona (Otello).

At the Wiener Staatsoper, she has appeared as Countess Almaviva, Donna Elvira, Susanna, Marschallin and Jenufa. Her many roles at the Bayerische Staatsoper, Munich include Zerlina, Susanna, Ännchen, Marzelline, Anne Trulove, Elvira, Rodelinda and, in 2019, her role début as Alceste. Elsewhere in Europe she has appeared at La Monnaie, Brussels, the Opéra Bastille Paris, and at the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden. At Teatro alla Scala Milan she has sung Countess Almaviva, Florinda (*Fierrabras*), and Donna Elvira on tour with the company to the Bolshoi Theatre with Daniel Barenboim.

In the U.S. she has appeared many times at the Metropolitan Opera, New York as Susanna, Pamina, Elvira and Ilia, and sang the title roles of Handel's *Theodora* and Purcell's *Dido and Aeneas* at Carnegie Hall. She has appeared frequently in concert in New York, Chicago, Los Angeles, Dallas, Cincinnati and San Diego.

Recent role débuts include Elisabeth (*Tannhäuser*) at the Semperoper Dresden and in 2021, Ariadne at the Edinburgh International Festival. In the 2022/23 season she will return to the Hamburgische Staatsoper, Bayerische Staatsoper, Munich, and the Royal Opera House Covent Garden, and will make a notable début at the Opéra National de Lorraine, Nancy.

A prolific concert artist, in the 2019/20 season she sang Wagner's Wesendonck Lieder with Karina Canellakis and the Orchestre de Paris, Schoenberg's Gurre–Lieder (Tove) with Jonathan Nott and the Tokyo Symphony Orchestra, Beethoven's 'Ah! Perfido' and Choral Fantasy with Louis Langrée and the Cincinnati Symphony, Mahler's Rückert–Lieder with Rafael Payare and the San Diego Symphony, and Berg's Sieben frühe Lieder with Sir Simon Rattle and the London Symphony Orchestra, in London and on tour in Europe.

She has performed Strauss's *Vier letzte Lieder* with Daniel Barenboim in Berlin, Daniel Harding in Milan, Antonio Pappano in Rome, Yannick Nézet–Séguin in Rotterdam and Zubin Mehta in Valencia. Other concert highlights include Schumann's *Faustszenen* with Daniel Harding/Berliner Philharmoniker, *Wozzeck* (Marie) with Harding/Berliner Philharmoniker and Bayerischer Rundfunk Orchestra, and Mahler's *Symphony No. 4* on tour in Europe with Mariss Jansons and the Royal Concertgebouw Orchestra.

She is a renowned recitalist with recent appearances including London's Wigmore Hall, Amsterdam's Het Concertgebouw, the Wiener Konzerthaus and in Antwerp, Lisbon, Madrid, Barcelona, Cologne, Brussels, Oslo, Stockholm, Oxford, and at the Edinburgh, Munich, and Schwarzenberg Festivals. She has sung in recital with Daniel Barenboim at the Schiller Theater and Boulez Saal in Berlin. With Mitsuko Uchida she has performed at the Lucerne Festival, Wigmore Hall and on tour in the U.S culminating in a recital at New York's Carnegie Hall. The live recording from Wigmore Hall won the Best Solo Vocal Album at the 2017 Grammy Awards.



Jess Dandy contralto

Shortlisted for a Royal Philharmonic Society Award in the category of Young Artist, Cumbrian contralto Jess Dandy has been praised for her instrument of velvety plangent timbre, and her artistic maturity of remarkable immediacy.

This Summer, Jess was the contralto soloist at the First Night of the Proms 2021, singing Vaughan Williams' *Serenade to Music* and a new commission by Sir James Macmillan. Other recent highlights include a series of BBC Radio 3 broadcasts which included Jess's Wigmore Hall début, and a solo recital with Malcolm Martineau at Perth Concert Hall. Jess also appeared at Wigmore Hall in a Vivaldi and Ariosti programme with La Serenissima.

Jess has appeared on the concert platform with the Orchestre révolutionnaire et romantique, The English Concert, Florilegium, BBC National Orchestra and Chorus of Wales, The Academy of Ancient Music, The Dunedin Consort, BBC Symphony Orchestra, and Les Arts florissants, collaborating with conductors including Sir John Eliot Gardiner, Harry Bicket, Trevor Pinnock, John Butt William Christie, Kristian Bezuidenhout and Stephen Layton.

Highlights of the 21/22 season include: Bradamante in Vivaldi's *Orlando Furioso* at the Teatro Real Madrid and the Seine Musicale Paris; *Messiah* with The Hallé, Britten Sinfonia and the Royal Liverpool Philharmonic Orchestra and appearances with the BBC National Orchestra of Wales, Academy of Ancient Music and Kitchener–Waterloo Symphony, as well as Jess's return to Wigmore Hall for both a new commission by Huw Watkins, and also a solo evening recital.





Martin Roscoe

piano

With an extraordinary career spanning over five decades, Martin Roscoe is unarguably one of the UK's best loved pianists. Renowned for his versatility at the keyboard, Martin is equally at home in concerto, recital and chamber performances. Martin is Artistic Director of Ribble Valley International Piano Week and the Manchester Chamber Concerts Society, and Co–Artistic Director of the Beverley Chamber Music Festival.

With a repertoire of over one hundred concertos, Martin continues to work regularly with many of the UK's leading orchestras, having especially close links with the BBC Philharmonic Orchestra, BBC National Orchestra of Wales, Hallé Orchestra, Manchester Camerata, Northern Chamber Orchestra and the Royal Liverpool Philharmonic Orchestra, where he has given over ninety performances. Martin also performs widely across Europe, Canada and Australia, sharing the concert platform with eminent conductors such as Sir Simon Rattle, Sir Mark Elder, Gianandrea Noseda, and Christoph von Dohnányi.

A prolific recitalist and chamber musician, Martin tours the UK extensively every season, including regular appearances at Wigmore Hall and Kings Place. He has a number of long—standing associations, including Peter Donohoe, Kathryn Stott, Tasmin Little and Jennifer Pike, as well as more recent collaborations with Jess Dandy, Liza Ferschtman, Marcus Farnsworth and the Brodsky and Carducci Quartets.

Martin has made many commercial recordings for labels such as Hyperion, Chandos and Naxos. For the Deux–Elles label, Martin has recorded the complete Beethoven piano sonatas, for which he received unanimous critical acclaim.

SONG ILLUMINATED



Amanda Roocroft

soprano

Amanda Roocroft graduated from the RNCM in 1990. She quickly made an international reputation as one of Britain's most exciting singers, in opera, concert, and recital, winning The Royal Philharmonic Society Music award for an operatic début and a Silver Medal from the Worshipful company of Musicians. She enjoyed a close relationship with the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, Glyndebourne Festival, English National Opera, the Welsh National Opera and the Bayerische Staatsoper, and her leading roles in these houses have ranged from Handel to Wagner. She has also sung at The Metropolitan Opera House, New York, Houston, Amsterdam, Berlin, Salzburg, Madrid, Barcelona and Paris. She has earned a reputation for being a singing actress and in 2007 she was awarded the Laurence Olivier Award for Outstanding Achievement in Opera for her portrayal of Jenufa at ENO.

Amanda made her professional recital début in September 1989 at the Aix—en—Provence Festival and her professional operatic début in 1990 as Sophie in *Der Rosenkavalier* with Welsh National Opera. House débuts followed at London's Royal Opera House (as Pamina) and Glyndebourne Festival Opera (as Fiordiligi) in 1991, and the Bavarian State Opera (Fiordiligi) and English National Opera (as Ginevra in Handel's *Ariodante*) in 1993. In 1994 she was the subject of a Granada Television documentary, 'Amanda Roocroft: Opera's Rising Star'. The film, directed by Colin Bell, chronicled the first seven years of her career, beginning with her days as a student and ending with her solo recording début for EMI Records.

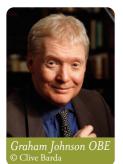
Favourite roles include Fiordiligi (Cosi fan Tutte), Countess (Le Nozze di Figaro), Donna Elvira (Don Giovanni), Cleopatra (Giulio Cesare), Desdemona (Otello), Amelia (Simon Boccanegra), Mimi (La bohème), Eva (Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg), Ellen (Peter Grimes), Giulietta (I Capuleti e i Montecchi), Tatiana (Eugene Onegin) and the title roles in Madam Butterfly, Katya Kabanova and Jenufa.

She has appeared with leading orchestras throughout Europe and North America with conductors including Sir Georg Solti, Sir Simon Rattle, Zubin Mehta, Mariss Jansons, Ivor Bolton, Sir John Eliot Gardiner, Daniele Gatti, Sir Neville Marriner, Sir Andrew Davis, Sir Charles Mackerras, Valery Gergiev Sir Mark Elder, Antonio Pappano and Bernard Haitink.

Recital engagements have included London's Wigmore Hall, Queen Elizabeth Hall, the Concertgebouw in Amsterdam, the Musikverein in Vienna, New York's Lincoln Center, La Monnaie in Brussels, as well as appearances in Munich, Frankfurt, Paris, Valencia and Lisbon.

Amanda's other roles in the latter part of her career have included Ellen Orford in *Peter Grimes*, the Duchess in *Powder Her Face*, Emilia Marty in *The Makropulos Case*, Queen Elizabeth I in *Gloriana* and the Marschallin in *Der Rosenkavalier*. She will sing Madam Larina in *Eugene Onegin* at Opera Holland Park in June 2022.

Amanda is a professor of vocal studies at Royal College of Music and the Royal Birmingham Conservatoire.



Graham Johnson OBE

piano

Graham Johnson is recognised as one of the world's leading vocal accompanists. Studying at the Royal Academy of Music, London, his teachers included Gerald Moore and Geoffrey Parsons. In 1972 he was the official pianist at Peter Pears' first masterclasses at Snape Maltings, which brought him into contact with Benjamin Britten. In 1976 he formed the Songmakers Almanac to explore neglected areas of piano–accompanied vocal music; the founder singers were Dame Felicity Lott, Ann Murray DBE, Anthony Rolfe Johnson and Richard Jackson.

His relationship with the Wigmore Hall is unique, devising and accompanying concerts in the hall's re–opening series in 1992 and in its centenary celebrations in 2001. He is Senior Professor of Accompaniment at the Guildhall School of Music and has led a biennial scheme for Young Songmakers since 1985. For Hyperion Records, he has devised and accompanied a set of complete Schubert lieder on 37 discs and a complete Schubent lieder on 37 discs and a complete Schubent lieder on series all issued with his own programme notes and two solo recital discs with Alice Coote. Awards include the Gramophone solo vocal award in 1989 (Dame Janet Baker), 1996 (Die schone Müllerin, Ian Bostridge), 1997 (Schumann series, Christine Schäfer) and 2001 (Magdalena Kozena). He was The Royal Philharmonic Society's Instrumentalist of the Year in 1998 and in June 2000, he was elected a member of the Royal Swedish Academy of Music.

He is author of The Songmakers' Almanac; Twenty years of recitals in London, The French Song Companion (2000), The Vocal Music of Benjamin Britten (2003), Gabriel Fauré – the Songs and their Poets (2009) and Franz Schubert: The Complete Songs (2014). His latest book, Poulenc – The Life in the Songs, was published in August 2020.

Graham Johnson was made an OBE (1994), created Chevalier in the Ordre des Arts et Lettres (2002), Honorary Member of the Royal Philharmonic Society (2010), and awarded the Wigmore Hall Medal (2013). He received Honorary Doctorates from Durham University, the New England Conservatory of Music, and the Edith Cowan University Western Australia. He was awarded the Hugo Wolf Medal (2014) for his services to the art of song and Germany's Cross of the Order of Merit (2021).

SONG LLUMINATED



Deborah Pritchard composer

Deborah Pritchard was awarded a British Composer Award for her solo violin piece *Inside Colour* in 2017. Her music has been performed by world–class ensembles such as the London Symphony Orchestra, London Sinfonietta, BBC National Orchestra of Wales, Philharmonia, BBC Singers and the Choir of New College Oxford with soloists including Natalie Clein, Nicola Benedetti and Tina Thing Helseth. Recent works include her graphic score *Colour Circle*, commissioned by the London Sinfonietta over lockdown whilst future premières include a new violin concerto for Jennifer Pike and the BBC Symphony Orchestra.

As a synaesthetic composer Pritchard has worked with numerous visual artists including Maggi Hambling, Hughie O'Donoghue and Icelandic sculptor Steinunn Thorarinsdottir. Her violin concerto *Wall of Water*, after the paintings by Maggi Hambling, was performed by Harriet Mackenzie and the English String Orchestra at the National Gallery in 2015, reviewed by *Gramophone* as a 'work that will take one's breath away'. Her new symphonic work *Songs after Kandinsky* will be premièred in China in 2023. She also paints music and created a series of *music maps* for the London Sinfonietta, described in *The Times* as 'beautifully illustrated... paying visual homage to those wonderful medieval maps of the world.' Her paintings were exhibited at the *Amazing Women of the Royal Academy of Music* 2017–2018 exhibition and are due to be displayed at the 2022 Purbeck International Chamber Music Festival, where she will also be composer in residence.

Deborah was awarded an entrance scholarship to study composition with Simon Bainbridge for her MMus Degree at the Royal Academy of Music and completed her DPhil at Worcester College, Oxford where she studied with Robert Saxton. She currently teaches composition tutorials at the University of Oxford and is Associate of both the Royal Academy of Music and the Faculty of Music, Oxford.





Robin Tritschler

tenor

Irish tenor Robin Tritschler graduated from the Royal Academy of Music and was a BBC New Generation Artist.

This season Robin opened the Oxford Lieder Festival with two recitals and sang Beethoven's *Symphony No. 9* under Nathalie Stutzmann with the Kristiansand Symfonieorkester. He also gave performances of Mozart's *Requiem* with Le Concert Spirituel and Hervé Niquet, recorded for future release on Alpha Classics. Robin will sing the Evangelist in Theater Basel's new production of *St Matthew Passion*, a coproduction with Deutsche Oper Berlin, staged by Benedikt von Peter.

Highlights of recent seasons include a return to the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden as Jaquino *Fidelio* (Pappano), Mozart's Mass in C with Ensemble Pygmalion at the Salzburg Festival, Britten's War Requiem in Katowice (Dutoit), C Minor Mass with the Bayerische Rundfunk (Blomstedt), and recital appearances at Wigmore Hall and the Amsterdam Het Concertgebouw.

Other highlights include Scwhanengesang in San Diego (Barnatan), St John Passion in Dresden and Salzburg (Herreweghe); appearances with Pygmalion (Pichon), NDR Hannover, London Philharmonic (Jurowski, Nézet–Séguin, Stutzmann), Bournemouth Symphony (Karabits), Hong Kong Philharmonic (de Waart), the BBC Proms (Sir Mark Elder); a return to the Risor Chamber Music Festival and his début for the Bregenz Festival in a newly commissioned opera by Thomas Larcher, The Hunting Gun. Robin performs regularly in recital at the Wigmore Hall, Köln Philharmonie, Kennedy Centre (Washington DC), and for the Aldeburgh, Klavier–Festival Ruhr, West Cork Chamber Music and Aix–en–Provence Festivals. Robin also enjoys performing contemporary opera, creating the tenor roles in Roger Waters' Ça Ira, Will Gregory's Piccard in Space, Jonathan Harvey's Wagner Dream (Welsh National Opera), productions of John Cage's Europeras 1 & 2, Louis Andriessen's De Materie with the RuhrTriennale Festival and in his début for the Teatro Colon, Buenos Aires.

His recording of World War One songs on Signum with Malcolm Martineau is critically acclaimed.

SONG ILLUMINATED



Christopher Glynn piano

Chris is an award—winning pianist and accompanist, praised for his 'breathtaking sensitivity' (*Gramophone*), 'irrepressible energy, wit and finesse' (*The Guardian*), 'a perfect fusion of voice and piano' (*BBC Music Magazine*) and as 'an inspired programmer' (*The Times*). He is also Artistic Director of the Ryedale Festival, programming around sixty events each year in beautiful and historic venues across North Yorkshire.

Chris read music at New College, Oxford and studied piano with John Streets in France and Malcolm Martineau at the Royal Academy of Music, where he now teaches. He has made many CD recordings and is regularly heard on BBC Radio 3.

An interest in bringing classical song to a wider audience recently led Chris to commission Jeremy Sams to create new English translations of Schubert's song cycles which have been recorded for Signum Records as well as Wolf's Italian Songbook. Future plans include recitals with Roderick Williams and Ian Bostridge, further collaborations with Jeremy Sams (Schumann songs), CD recordings with Nicky Spence, Kathryn Rudge, Claire Booth, Roderick Williams and The Sixteen, performances at the Spitalfields, Lammermuir and Bath festivals, leading masterclasses for the Britten Pears School, a tour of Wolf's Italian Songbook, and embarking on a project with Rachel Podger to perform and record Beethoven's violin sonatas as well as many appearances at the Wigmore Hall and the Concertgebouw.





Ruby Hughes soprano

Winner of First and Audience Prizes at London Handel Singing Competition 20019, Ruby Hughes Is a former BBC New Generation Artist. She is building an impressive discography, in 2018 she released a disc (Chandos Records) with Laurence Cummings and the OAE dedicated to Giulia Frasi, Handel's lyric muse. For the BIS label she released *Heroines of Love and Loss* which received huge critical acclaim including a Diapaspn d'or award, a highly praised album (nominated for a Gramophone Award) of works by Mahler, Berg and Rhian Samuel with BBCNOW and Mahler's *Symphony No. 2* with the Minnesota Symphony under Osmo Vänskä. Most recently a solo recital disc with Joseph Middleton titled *Songs for New Life and Love* including works by Mahler. Ives and Helen Grime.

She has a passion for performing new repertoire and is a champion of female composers having had many commissions written for her including those by Helen Grime, Deborah Pritchard Judith Weir and Errolyn Wallen.

2021/22 season highlights include those with Orchestre d'Île de France (Mahler *Symphony No. 4*), Residente Orchestra (*Rückert–Lieder*),Orchestre National de Lille (Mozart Great Mass in C), Potsdam Kammerakademie, Aarhus Symfoniorkester and recitals at Wigmore Hall and at the Muziekcentrum De Bijloke Gent.





Joseph Middleton

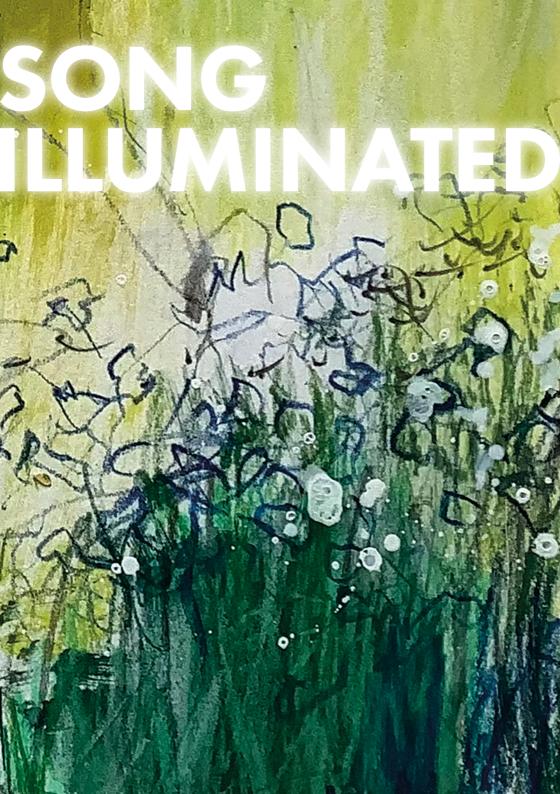
piano

Pianist Joseph Middleton specializes in the art of song accompaniment and chamber music and has been highly acclaimed in this field. Described in *Opera Magazine* as 'the rightful heir to legendary accompanist Gerald Moore', by *BBC Music Magazine* as 'one of the brightest stars in the world of song and Lieder', he has also been labeled 'the cream of the new generation' by *The Times*. He is Director of Leeds Lieder, Musician in Residence at Pembroke College, Cambridge and a Fellow of his alma mater, the Royal Academy of Music, where he is also a Professor. He was the first accompanist to win the Royal Philharmonic Society's Young Artist Award.

Joseph is a frequent guest at major music centres including London's Wigmore Hall (where he has been a featured artist), Royal Opera House and Royal Festival Hall, New York's Alice Tully Hall and Park Avenue Armory, Het Concertgebouw Amsterdam, Konzerthaus and Musikverein Vienna, Zürich Tonhalle, Hamburg Elbphilharmonie, Berlin BoulezSaal, Kölner Philharmonie, Strasbourg, Frankfurt, Lille and Gothenburg Opera Houses, Baden–Baden, Philharmonie Luxembourg, Musée d'Orsay Paris, Oji Hall Tokyo and Festivals in Aix—en—Provence, Aldeburgh, Barcelona, Schloss Elmau, Edinburgh, Munich, Ravinia, San Francisco, Schubertiade Hohenems and Schwarzenberg, deSingel, Soeul, Stuttgart, Toronto and Vancouver. He made his BBC Proms début in 2016 alongside Iestyn Davies and Carolyn Sampson and returned in 2018 alongside Dame Sarah Connolly where they premièred recently discovered songs by Benjamin Britten.

Joseph enjoys recitals with internationally established singers including Sir Thomas Allen, Louise Alder, Mary Bevan, Ian Bostridge, Allan Clayton, Dame Sarah Connolly, Marianne Crebassa, Iestyn Davies, Fatma Said, Samuel Hasselhorn, Christiane Karg, Katarina Karnéus, Angelika Kirchschlager, Dame Felicity Lott, Christopher Maltman, John Mark Ainsley, Ann Murray DBE, James Newby, Mark Padmore, Mauro Peter, Miah Persson, Sophie Rennert, Ashley Riches, Dorothea Röschmann, Kate Royal, Carolyn Sampson, Nicky Spence and Roderick Williams.

He has a special relationship with BBC Radio 3, frequently curating his own series and performing alongside the BBC Radio 3 New Generation Artists. His critically acclaimed and fast–growing discography has seen him awarded a Diapason D'or, Edison Award and Priz Caecilia as well as receiving numerous nominations for Gramophone, BBC Music Magazines and International Classical Music Awards. His interest in the furthering of the song repertoire has led Gramophone Magazine to describe him as 'the absolute king of programming'.



Leeds Lieder Young Artists 2022

We are delighted to welcome the following duos to this year's Leeds Lieder Young Artists Programme:

Charles Cunliffe & Michael Xie
Katrine Deleuran Strunk & Aleksandra Myslek
Helena Donie & Hana Kang
Karla Grant & Jia Ning Ng
Felix Emanuel Gygli & Jong Sum Woo
Kirsty McLean & Sharon Cheng
Hannah Morley & Michael Rose
Chloë Pardoe & Yupeng He
Helena Ressurreicao & Ester Lecha Jover
George Reynolds & Bethany Reeves

Angharad Rowlands & Joseph Cavalli Price

Flore Van Meerssche & Gyeongtaek Lee

Please refer to the Leeds Lieder website for biographical information and details of their masterclass repertoire.

About Leeds Lieder

Leeds Lieder was founded in 2004 by Jane Anthony in partnership with Leeds College of Music and a group of individuals, to promote the enjoyment, understanding, appreciation, composition and performance of art—song. With relatively few opportunities to hear the art—song repertoire in live performance outside London, this gap in the musical landscape provided the inspiration for Leeds Lieder. Leeds Lieder was inaugurated with a Festival of Song in 2005 and there followed a decade of biennial Festivals attracting some of the finest singers and pianists of our time, including Dames Janet Baker, Felicity Lott, Margaret Price, Sarah Connolly and Ann Murray, Barbara Bonney, Florian Boesch, Christiane Karg, Sir Thomas Allen, Graham Johnson, Roger Vignoles, Julius Drake and Malcolm Martineau. Encouraged by this success, in 2017 it was decided that the Festival should become an annual event. In between Festivals, audiences are able to enjoy a lively season of concerts and masterclasses presented as co—promotions with our principal partners, the Howard Assembly Room, the University of Leeds and Leeds International Concert Season.

Alongside the Festivals and Season events, Leeds Lieder inspires hundreds of children to discover and perform the rich vein of art songs and compose their own songs, through our education projects, Living Lieder (formerly Cool Lieder) and Discovering Lieder, in primary and secondary schools.

The pianist Joseph Middleton was appointed Director of Leeds Lieder in December 2014. Recent years have seen Leeds Lieder enjoy a dramatic rise in audience numbers, a Royal Philharmonic Society Award Nomination, and frequent collaborations with BBC Radio 3.

Leeds Lieder People

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Philippa Chamberlayne

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Young Artists Co-ordinator

Morgana Warren-Jones

Under 35s Ambassador

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For programme notes

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For surtitling

John Tordoff

For tuning the pianos

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For designing the programme

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Our Independent Examiners

Richard Ashton, the Howard Assembly Room team and the Opera North Box Office and Marketing teams

For their support during the run—up to and during the Festival.



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Dr Vivienne Pike

Prof and Mrs J R G Turner

Ms Veronica Youngson

And those many Friends who wish to remain anonymous.

We are hugely grateful to all our funders, Friends and individual donors, all of whom make an invaluable contribution to our work.

If you would like to help ensure the continued success, and future development, of Leeds Lieder, please visit leedslieder.org.uk/support-us for details.

Refreshments

The restaurant will be open each day of the festival offering tea, coffee, cakes, and bar service throughout. Light lunches will be available between 1pm and 4.30pm each day, and evening meals between 5pm and 8pm. The restaurant will close at 8pm.

Pre-booking is non-essential, reservations will be accepted on the day. However, we invite you to complete the expression of interest form by following the link: shorturl.at/acCT2

Once completed, a member of the team will be in contact to confirm your requirements and complete your reservation.

The Atrium bars will be open during pre-concert and during intervals and interval drinks may be pre-ordered on Level 2. Drinks may be taken into the auditorium in plastic glasses.

Contact Details

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leedslieder1



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Cover and interior images from an original artwork by Helen Antill.



@HelenAntill16



